

doms are under the government of one prince, who is called King of Great-Britain. On the east of England, here is Denmark, the capital of which is Copenhagen in the island of Zealand. Norway, which lies on the north of Denmark, belongs also to the King of Denmark; its capital city is Christiana: Iceland is governed by the same king, an island more to the north of Europe than England. On the east side of Norway you will find Sweden, round the gulf of Baltenia on the Baltic Sea. Stockholm is the capital of Sweden. Lastly, on the east side of Sweden you will find Russia or Muscovy, a very fine country, whose capital is called Moscow, but Petersburg is now the finest city, and the usual residence of the Emperors, and the whole court of Russia. These are then the five principal parts which lie in the north of Europe; do not forget them. When we meet again we will observe those in the middle.

*Miss*

*Miss Sprightly.* Yesterday, Mademoiselle, in the French Magazine, I read the Life of Peter the Great, who built the city of Petersburg. I think it more and more like the story of Prince Charmer, which you told us some days ago.

*Mademoiselle.* It is almost the same, my dear; and Prince Absolute has some resemblance of Charles the XII. King of Sweden. I will lend you his history when you have done reading Mr. Rollin. Come, ladies, let us hear what progress you have made in the sacred history.

*Lady Maria.* When Isaac was married to Rebecca, he prayed to God to send him children. He had two sons; the name of the eldest was Esau, and the name of the second Jacob. You know very well, ladies, that very frequently among people of quality, the eldest has the title of Lord, and the second has not; so they were called my lord Esau and master Jacob. One day my lord went to the chase, and when he returned home, he was very hungry.

H

Mr.